

Parent's Guide to Section 504 Of the Rehabilitation Act

What is Section 504?

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act is a civil rights act prohibiting discrimination based on disability. It was enacted to eliminate barriers that exclude persons with disabilities. Section 504 applies to all agencies that receive federal funds, including public schools, federal agencies, and places of public accommodation. In the Penn-Harris-Madison School District, all staff and administrators have the responsibility of insuring that all students with disabilities are identified, evaluated and provided with needed accommodations and services, resulting in a free appropriate public education (FAPE). Section 504 is enforced by the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights.

Public school districts have the duty to provide a free appropriate public education to all qualified disabled students. A FAPE must include an education designed to provide educational benefit despite the child's disability; it must be at no cost to the parent; and it must be provided in an environment that affords the greatest exposure to non-disabled peers.

What's the difference between eligibility for IDEA and Section 504?

Section 504 is a civil rights act, mandating equal access, whereas the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), commonly referred to as special education, is an education law which provides individualized educational programs and additional services beyond what is available to persons without disabilities. IDEA covers children within specific groups of disabilities and degrees of impairment. Unlike services offered through IDEA, school districts receive no additional federal or state funding under the Section 504 mandate.

Who is a student with a disability under Section 504?

Section 504 protects an individual who has, had, or is perceived as having a physical or mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities, such as caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, or working. It protects students when their disabilities limit their ability to attend, participate in, or receive benefit from their educations.

Students eligible for Section 504 protection must meet three criteria: (1) A mental or physical impairment (2) which substantially limits, (3) one or more of major life activities. It is important to understand that all three criteria must be present for a student to be eligible for a Section 504 Plan. Equally important, this disability must be why the student cannot equally access or receive benefit from the school's programs and services.

Identification of Students Eligible under Section 504

If, as a parent, your child has a chronic condition or you suspect he/she may have a disability, you should inform your child's teacher, principal or school 504 Coordinator. Following the referral, the school 504 Team will convene to implement the eligibility process. If a child is experiencing chronic problems at school, and if interventions which have been implemented have been unsuccessful, and the school or parent suspects a disability, the school has an obligation to refer the child for an evaluation.

What is an evaluation under Section 504?

Evaluations to determine 504 eligibility are different than evaluations required by Special Education. For purposes of Section 504, evaluation means reviewing information from a variety of sources. This typically includes teacher reports, grades, standardized test scores, attendance and discipline reports, information from parents and medical providers, etc. The 504 Team must include individuals who are knowledgeable about the child, the type of disability, the evaluative data being reviewed and accommodation options. Obviously, parents should play an important role in the process. Parents are always notified when a referral for evaluation is made on a child. If the 504 Team determines that there is not sufficient information to make a determination, or the Team believes the child may be eligible for services under IDEA, a referral for an evaluation through Special Education is made. It is not uncommon for a school to receive a doctor's letter stating that a student has a disability and needs certain accommodations. While the school always considers the recommendations of doctors or other professionals who work with the child, it remains the school's responsibility to review multiple sources of information to determine 504 eligibility and to implement any necessary accommodations for the student. Simply having an impairment does not automatically qualify a student under Section 504.

How are accommodations and services determined?

If a student is found to have a disability under section 504, the team will make an individualized determination of the student's educational needs and an accommodation plan will be developed. Section 504 mandates services and placement in the least restrictive environment and most accommodations are provided in the regular classroom. Eligibility status and 504 plans are generally reviewed annually.

What are some examples of accommodations?

Accommodations are "adjustments" that are designed to minimize the impact of a disability and meet the unique needs of the student. There is no "list" of approved accommodations. They are determined individually for each child. Examples might include preferential seating to minimize distractions for children with attention/concentration difficulties; assisting a student with diabetes in monitoring his/her blood sugar levels; providing extra time or a quiet setting for exams; providing extensions on assignments; changes in attendance requirements for children with chronic health problems; or substituting physical education requirements for children whose physical impairments impact their ability to participate.

When is a 504 Plan inappropriate?

- When a student has a diagnosed disorder but is functioning well academically and is making adequate progress without accommodations, the student does not meet the criteria for 504 eligibility. This might include a student who is doing well in school but may not be working to potential; a student whose parent feels could be making A's rather than B's; or a student who only experiences difficulty in one subject area.
- When a plan is created only to support a request for extended time on College Board Exams (SAT's, ACT's).
- When a student is eligible for services under IDEA but parents prefer Section 504 services.

What rights do you have under Section 504?

You have the right to:

- Have your child take part in, and receive benefit from public education programs without discrimination based on disability.
- Have the school advise you of your rights under federal law.
- Receive notice and examine records with respect to identification, evaluation, programming, or placement of you child.
- Have your child receive a free appropriate public education. This includes the right to be educated with other children to the maximum extent appropriate. It also includes the right to have the schools make reasonable accommodations to allow your child and equal opportunity to participate in school and school-related activities.
- Have your child educated in facilities and receive services comparable to those provided to children without disabilities.
- Have your child receive special education and related services if he/she is found to be eligible
 under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) or to receive accommodations under
 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.
- Have evaluation, educational, and placement decisions made based upon a variety of information sources, and by individuals who know the child, disability, evaluation data and placement options.
- File a local grievance with your school if you feel your child is being discriminated against based on disability.
- Request a due process hearing and/or the assistance of a mediator to help resolve issues with the school
- File a formal complaint with the regional Office for Civil Rights.

Questions, complaints, or requests for additional information regarding the district's nondiscrimination policy should be forwarded to:

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